OCTOBER 1983 - VOLUME I ISSUE 3



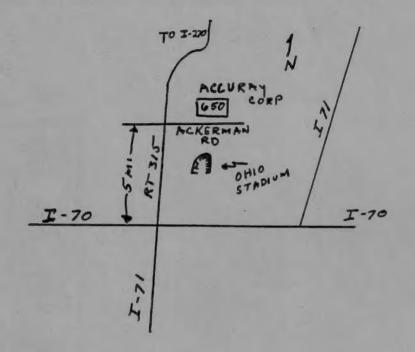


Amateur Television in Central Ohio



Participants at the July antenna party

at WB8LGA's QTH



EXIST OFF RT315

EAST ON ACKERMAN

IST LIGHT (I BLOCK)

ENTER ACCURAY

PARKING LOT

TALK-IN 147.45

NEXT ATCO MEETING

WHEN: OCTOBER 22, 1983 (SATURDAY)

TIME: 1:00 - 4:00 P.M.

WHERE: ACCURAY CORP, 650 ACKERMAN RD.

(JUST NORTH OF OSU) SEE MAP

TALK IN: 147.45 FM

AGENDA

- Welcome new members/visitors
- Election of Club Officers
- Repeater Reports
- · Discussion of potential club projects
- ATV and public service work
- ATCO Newsletter

The ATCO Newsletter is the official journal/newsletter of the Amateur Television in Central Ohio Club. The ATCO Newsletter is published quarterly by WASRUT and WASRMC. Reprints of all <u>original</u> material is approved if source credit is given to the ATCO Newsletter.

TIR - Supplie

ATCO NEWSLETTER

- The ATCO Tuesday Night Net is gaining more check-ins each net as the fall months drive more ATVers from outside activities. In case you have forgotten, the net meets on Tuesdays at 8:00 P.M. local time on 147.45. Check-ins are normally taken from 174.45, 439.25 and 425.25 (repeater output).
- ATV on the 23 cm band is getting a good start in Central Ohio. Some of the recent accomplishments include a full duplex contact (1278.75 and 439.25) between WA8RUT in Columbus and WB8UGV in Centerville (south of Dayton), a 65 mile path. WA8RUT was running about 7 watts on 1278 to an antenna 50' high. WB8UGV was using a P.C. Electronics Converter mounted on an antenna also at 50'. This path has only been attempted twice and both tries yielded P3-P4 picture on 1278 and P4 pictures on 439.25.
- The cross band repeater (439.25/1278.75) is on the air. It currently is located on a tall building in downtown Columbus. The 439.25 antenna is a stacked turnstile of the WA8RMC design. The 1278 mhz antenna is a vertical stacked waves of the W60RG design. The repeater currently runs 2 watts at the antenna on 1278 mhz. The coverage of the "machine" so far, appears impressive. The first major use of the machine will be for the Bank One Marathon in Columbus on October 16th.
- Public service work demand for ATV is growing in Central Ohio. Last year a small effort was made to provide coverage of the Columbus marathon with good success. This year the marathon will be covered by ATV with the aid of a repeater. The Red Cross has inquired about our capabilities for potential use in other public service events and disasters. If more ATVs in Central Ohio have an interest in public service work, please let WASRUT know. This is a chance to use our hobby and knowledge in a meaningful way.
- Art, WASRMC has joined the newsletter staff (that makes a total of two!) Although this issue is a week later than planned, it should be a better than average issue. Art is one of the primary technical contributors to this newsletter and with Art's more active involvement in this newsletter, the quality of it will surely improve!
- Associate Editors for the ATCO Newsletter are still needed to take on specific departments of the newsletter. Such departments as the "swap shop", maintaining activities list, "ATCO Club Happenings" are in need of associate editors. If you would like to join the ATCO Newsletter staff, please contact WASRUT or WASRMC. The pay isn't good, but the fame is great!
- The last ATCO club meeting was just terrific. The club meeting was also an antenna measuring contest, using WB8LGA's computerized antenna range. There were an awful lot of deflated ego's when individual's antennas were "put up on the pole". Fred, K8JGY had the best antenna (a long boom Quagi) with a gain of about 13 dbd. The popular 11 element gama feed beam showed about 7.5 dbd. The best part of the meeting was lunch! Chuck and his XYL put on an outstanding feed!

I feel somewhat defeated and inadequate! Much to my surprise, Ken (WA8RUT) achieved operational results on his transponder (or is it a translater or repeater - let us know) before I did (I still haven't) even though he started after I did - no fair Ken.

All kidding aside - my transponder project is slowly progressing forward and I am learning quite a bit in the process. All of which, I'll pass along to any interested party. As most of you know, I am working on a 439-1260 Mhz transponder to serve primarily as a remote receiver link for our desense plaqued 439-425 Mhz ATV repeater. This unit is being designed to be a completely self-contained receiver-transmitter in a weatherproof box for "top of the tower" mounting with only an AC power source going up the tower to supply it. This eliminates antenna feedline losses and makes installation easier. If we can secure a high tower location, the relatively low gain of the receiving antenna (439.25 Mhz) will be offset. The 1260 Mhz output (1 watt) will be vertically polarized via an omnidirectional antenna so its output may be seen by any one locally with 1260 Mhz receive capabilities. It will serve as a repeater up link and as a remote sensitive receiver to enhance local 439.25 Mhz incoming DX ATV for those interested in watching the 1260.0 Mhz output.

The circuit details are as follows:

- 1. 439.25 Mhz antenna Omnidirectional 3-6 db gain is hoped for. I will use the Octopole design if I can get the bugs out.
- Input MGF 1202 gas-fet preamp yet to be built.
- 3. Receive converter 3SK97 Gas-fet Rf Amp to a double balance mixer. IF from mixer at 45 Mhz is amplified thru a 3N200 low noise Mos Fet IF amplifier. The oscillator chain to drive the mixer is a 80.830 Mhz fet xtal oscillator and source follower into a multiplier to 485.0 Mhz for feeding the mixer. The converter is designed and working well.
- 4. Video Detector This is an RCA phase lock loop synchronous detector IC design similar to that used in many modern TV receivers. This unit has been bread boarded and works but has not been reduced to final design.
- 5. 1260 Mhz transmitter This consists of 3 parts a 70 Mhz oscillator and amplifier, a 70 to 420 Mhz multiplier and power amplifier, and a varactor trippler to 1260 Mhz. The first two have been built and tested. The CW output at 420 Mhz is about 7 watts. The varactor trippler design is known, but has not been built at this time.
- 6. Video Modulator The modulator will modulate the 420 Mhz 7 watt final Amp. This is the part I am presently working on. I find it reasonably difficult to collector modulate a stage that draws about 1.5 Amps with sufficient bandwidth to pass 5 Mhz video. (I'll continue working on this one.)

- 7. Power supply This will be last on the agenda since total current comsumption is unknown at this time. I plan to use 48 vac as the "up the tower" supply and use a switching supply to minimize heat dissipation within the box.
- 8. Packaging I already have a stainless steel $10^{\prime\prime} \times 12^{\prime\prime}$ waterproof box to house all the above components.
- 9. 1260 Mhz Antenna This will be a vertically polarized omnidirectional antenna of unknown design at this time. Probably a coax colinear type. Desired gain is at least 3 db this shouldn't be too hard to achieve anyone have suggestions?

That's about it. Work is slow because other projects must be multiplexed in. Originally, I was hoping to have it operational this fall but I guess freezing weather will beat me to it. It now looks like early next summer is more likely.

Art Towslee - WA8RMC

OCTOPOLE ANTENNA UPDATE

At the time I published the Octopole Antenna in the newsletter last winter, it had not been fully tested, but preliminary tests were encouraging. Since then, at the antenna party - WB8LGA's QTH, tests have proven to be somewhat discouraging.

- The antenna's radiation pattern is not omnidirectional.
 It has about 3 db notches in it which is poor for a
 4 db gain antenna.
- 2. The angle of radiation is not at the horizon, but rather up and down about 15 degrees from the horizon. I believe this to be the key to the problem - how can the angle of radiation be altered?

I have no concrete idea on how to correct the problem at this time. Guessing as to what to do about <u>antenna</u> design changes is a total waste of time. There are too many factors to consider. If anyone has any good suggestions, please let me know. At this time, work on the Octopole is on the "back burner" and only keeping warm.

Art Towslee - WA8RMC

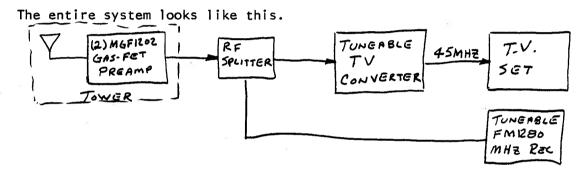
This month, I received a letter from Ron Stefanskie, W9ZIH, in Chicago. I thought you'd like to hear a little of what's going on in the Chicago area.

"At this time activety on 1280 Mhz video is very poor, but we have quite a few people with equipment for that band.

I work K9KLM and WA9HOH in Southeast Wisconsin on 1280 but they transmit FM only. They promise to have video going soon (only 3 years waiting).

Locally, we have N9CRN, WA9CGZ, W9NAU, W9YTM with 1280 Mhz gear.

My equipment includes a tower mounted Gas-Fet Preamp (2 stages) and a home-brew tunable 1280 to 40 Mhz converter with 2 stages of Gas-Fet, an interdigital mixer and 600 Mhz tunable oscillator.



My 1280 Mhz video transceiver consists of an old tube-type exciter. FM modulator to a 2 tube cavity driver amp to the 4 tube cathode modulated amp. (2039)

I am seriously thinking about rebuilding a large part of the transmitter soon and get rid of most of the exciter tube circuits, in favor of solid state.

I also want to work over the 4 tube amp and get rid of some of the bugs in it.

We have had good results with video on 1280 Mhz but need activity in other areas to look for. I surely would like to work Ohio on that band and am sure it could be done when conditions are good.

We do not have any video repeaters in this area and do <u>not</u> welcome a 439.25 to 426 type repeater. We do welcome a 426 to 1250 type video repeater. This has never been done here but someone might try in the future."

Ron and I have, in the past, maintained a Sunday morning sked on 436 Mhz FM. Due to my poor FM receiver sensitivity, our 2 way contact success was less than 50%. He could hear me 70-80% of the time though. Based upon the fact that he transmits higher power and he has a higher gain antenna than I, it would seem to reason that I should hear him better than he hears me. I'll work on that when other higher priority items are completed. In the meantime, are there any others who would like to try their luck? I'm certain Ron wouldn't mind; contact either of us to set up a sked.

AND WABRMC.

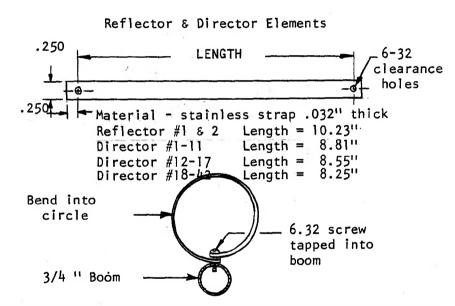
45 ELEMENT 1296 MHZ LOOP YAGI ANTENNA

The following loop yagi design was submitted by Dave Wagner K8DW. It is basically the G3JVL design and is also shown in the RSGB handbook. I have not tried this design yet, but it has been reported in QST to have been tested at the Eastern VHF/UHF Conference Gain Measurement Contest at 19.5 db.

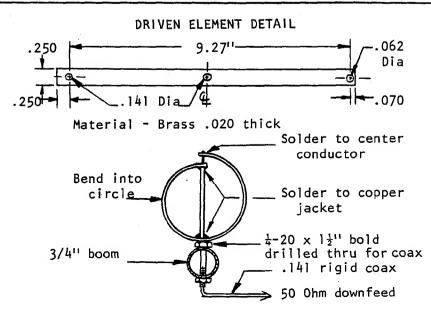
Please note that the loops are 1 full wavelength in circumference, thereby producing the high current point at the place where they touch the boom. Make this connection tight and spray with varnish after assembly to avoid oxidation producing a high resistance connection.

Element	Distance from Ref.#1
Reflector #1 #2 Driven element Director #1 2 3 4 5 6	0.00 ¹¹ 3.10 4.05 5.17 6.00 7.78 9.56 10.81 13.12

3.56" between each element 7-42.



WABRMC



Channel Assignments

UHF

With Video - Audio - Color Carrier Frequencies - And ½ Wave Length Measurements - VHF

Channel No.	Frequency Range MC	¥½ Wave Length Inches	Picture Carrier MC	Color Sub- Carrier	Sound Carrier MC	Channel No.	Frequency Range MC	¥½ Wave Length Inches	Picture Carrier MC	Color Sub- Corrier	Sound Carrier MC
2 3 4 5	54-60 60-66 66-72 76-82	103.8 93.8 85.7 74.8	55.25 61.25 67.25 77.25	58.83 64.83 70.83 80.83	59.75 65.75 71.75 81.75	47 48 49 50	668-674 674-680 680-686 686-692	8.8 8.7 8.7 8.6	669.25 675.25 681.25 687.25	672.83 678.83 684.83 690.83	673.75 679.75 685.75 691.75
6 7 8 9	82-88 174-180 180-186 186-192	32.8	83.25 175.25 181.25 187.25	86.83 178.83 184.83 190.83	87.75 179.75 185.75 191.75	51 52 53 54	692-698 698-704 704-710 710-716	8.5 8.4 8.4 8.3	693.25 699.25 705.25 711.25	696.83 702.83 708.83 714.83	697.75 703.75 709.75 715,75
10 11 12 13	192-198 198-204 204-210 210-216	30.3 29.4 28.5 27.7	193.25 199.25 205.25 211.25	196.83 202.83 208.83 214.83	197.75 203.75 209.75 215.75	55 56 57 58	716-722 722-728 728-734 734-740	8.2 8.1 8.0 8.0	717.25 723.25 729.25 735.25	720.83 726.83 732.83 738.83	721.75 727.75 733.75 739.75
14 15 16 17	470-476 476-482 482-488 488-494	12.5 12.4 12.2	471.25 477.25 483.25 489.25	474.83 480.83 486.83 492.83	475.75 481.75 487.75 493.75	59 60 61 62	740-746 746-752 752-758 758-764	7.9 7.8 7.8 7.7	741.25 747.25 753.25 759.25	744.83 750.83 756.83 762.83	745.75 751.75 757.75 763.75
18 19 20 21	494-500 500-506 506-512 512-518	141.9	495,25 501,25 507,25 513,25	498.83 504.83 510.83 516.83	499.75 505.75 511.75 517.75	63 64 65 66	764-770 770-776 776-782 782-788	7.7 7.6 7.5 7.5	765.25 771.25 777.25 783.25	768.83 774.83 780.83 786.83	769.75 775.75 781.75 787.75
22 23 24 25	518-524 524-530 530-536 536-542	11.3, 11.2	519.25 525.25 531.25 537.25	522.83 528.83 534.83 540.83	523.75 529.75 585.75 541.75	67 68 69 70	788-794 794-800 800-806 806-812	7.4 7.4 7.3 7.3	789.25 795.25 801.25 807.25	792.83 798.83 804.83 810.83	793.75 799.75 805.75 811.75
26 27 28 29	542-548 548-554 554-560 560-566	10.8 10.7 10.6	543.25 549.25 555.25 561.25	546.83 552.83 558.83 564.83	547.75 553.75 559.75 565.75	71 72 73 74	812-818 818-824 824-830 830-836	7.2 7.2 7.1 7.0	813.25 819.25 825.25 831.25	816.83 822.83 828.83 834.83	817.75 823.75 829.75 835.75
30 ' 31 32 33	566-572 572-578 578-584 584-590	10.4 10.3	567.25 573.25 579.25 585.25	570:83 576.83 582.83 588.83	571.75 577.75 583.75 589.75	75 76 77 78	836-842 842-848 848-854 854-860	7.0 6.9 6.9 6.8	837.25 843.25 849.25 855.25	840.83 846.83 852.88 858.83	841.75 847.75 853.75 859.75
34 35 36 37	590-596 596-602 602-608 608-614	10.0 9.9 9.8 9.7	591.25 597.25 603.25 609.25	594.83 600.83 606.83 612.83	595.75 601.75 607.75 613.75	79 80 81 82	860-866 866-872 872-878 878-884	6.8 6.7 6.7	861.25 867.25 873.25 879.25	864.83 870.83 876.83 882.83	865.75 871.75 877.75 883.75
38 39 40 41	614-620 620-626 626-632 632-638	9.6 9.5 9.4 9.3	615.25	618.83 624.83	619.75 625.75 631.75 637.75	26.96	884-890 CLASS D C 55 mc. 27	6.6 CITIZENS 7.035 mc.	885.25 BAND F 27.115	888.83 REQUENC mc. 27.	889.75 CIES .185 mc.
42 43 44 45	638-644 644- 65 0 650-656 656-662	9.2 9.2 9.1 9.0	639.25	642.83 648.83	643.75 649.75 655.75 661.75	26.98 27.00 27.01	5 mc. 27 5 mc. 27 5 mc. 27	7.055 mc. 7.065 mc. 7.075 mc. 7.085 mc. 7.105 mc.	27.135 27.155 27.165	mc. 27. mc. 27. mc.+ 27.	.205 mc. .215 mc. .225 mc. .255 mc.
46	662-668		663.25	The State of the S	667.75		channel sh		27.175 Class C Ro		ol.

VELOCITY OF PROPAGATION

Television Cable Made With Polyethylene Dielectric

Coaxial Cable66%	Tubular Twin Lead (300 ohm) 84%
Flat Twin Lead (300 ohm)82%	Free Space — Air Dielectric

SIGNAL STRENGTH REPORTING



5 EXCELLENT No noise visible



3 FAIRLY GOOD Noticeable Noise



1 LIMITED USE Objectionable noise

Amateur Television Magazin

PO Box 1347, BLOOMINGTON, INDIANA 47401

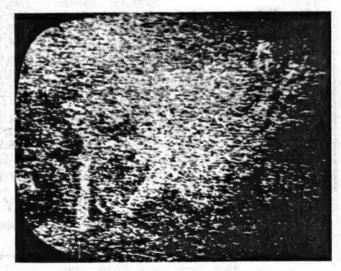




4 GOOD Slight noise visible



2 PASSABLE High noise level



0 NOT USABLE Picture lost in noise

Simple in-line rf power indicator for 1,296MHz

A simple and reliable rf power indicator for insertion in the output line of a 1,296MHz transmitter can readily be constructed taking advantage of the microstrip technique mentioned in the tuned circuit chapter. For this purpose, good quality fibre glass double clad board is needed, one side being the earth plane and a section of the line etched on the reverse, together with the coupling loop for the indicator.

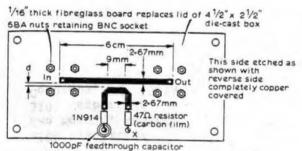
From the data given in the earlier chapter the line section may be calculated and designed for any appropriate impedance. Fig 10.111 shows details for a 50Ω line.

The insertion loss of this type of indicator is of the order of 0.5dB, and it may therefore be left permanently in circuit.

The spacing between the line and the coupling loop will need to be decided on the basis of the power (voltage on the line) expected to be used normally.

The whole assembly should be enclosed in a suitable metal box.

Although the device is defined as a forward indicator, if the connections are reversed it may alternatively be used for indicating reflected power.



X ... hole for resistor lead soldered to reverse side

Line width.....2.67mm (50 Ω) Separation 'd'.....1mm for 1-30W Connectors...50 Ω square BNC chassis 2mm for 10-100W mounting sockets turned or filed so that they sit flat on board

Fig 10.111. A simple forward power indicator

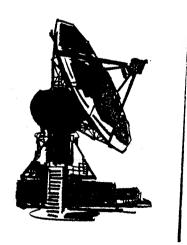




439.25/1278.75 repeater WA8RUT/R



ATCO Newsletter Ken Morris, WASRUT 3181 Gerbert Rd. Columbus, OH 43224



ATCO NEWSLETTER OCTOBER, 1983

